Heribert Insam, Sabine M. Podmirseg, Andreas Wagner (eds.)

# 8<sup>th</sup> International Symposium on Anaerobic Microbiology (ISAM8)

Innsbruck, Austria, June 12-15, 2013

Heribert Insam Institute of Microbiology, Universität Innsbruck

Sabine M. Podmirseg Institute of Microbiology, Universität Innsbruck

Andreas Wagner Institute of Microbiology, Universität Innsbruck



© *innsbruck* university press, 2013 Universität Innsbruck 1<sup>st</sup> edition All rights reserved. www.uibk.ac.at/iup ISBN 978-3-902936-03-5

#### Venue:

Villa Blanka, Weiherburggasse 31 • 6020 Innsbruck

#### Chairs:

Heribert Insam, Sabine Podmirseg, Andreas Wagner

# Co-chairs:

Ingrid Franke-Whittle, Katerina Fliegerová, Peter Javorský, Peter Pristaš, Jiri Simunek, Gorazd Avguštin

### Local organizing committee:

Gerlinde Häninger, Maria Gómez-Brandón, Ingrid Franke-Whittle, Andreas Wagner, Heribert Insam, Sabine Podmirseg

# Scientific committee:

Paul Illmer, ATJan Kopečný, CZWilly Verstraete, BEIngrid Franke-WPeter Pristaš, SKAndreas WagnerUrsula Peintner, ATKaterina FliergerIrini Angelidaki, DKCaroline Plugge,Lutgarde Raskin, USARomana Marinše

Jan Kopečný, CZMarcell Nikolausz, DEIngrid Franke-Whittle, ATGorazd Avguštin, SLAndreas Wagner, ATEvelyne Forano, FRKaterina Fliergerova, CZPeter Javorský, SKCaroline Plugge, NLSabine Podmirseg, ATRomana Marinšek-Logar, SLJiri Simunek, CZ

Cover picture: copyright Leis, Sandbichler: straw particle with Neocallimastix sp culture

#### In vitro antibacterial activity of essential oils against clostridia

Miroslava Kačániová<sup>a\*</sup>, Adriana Pavelková<sup>b</sup>, Lukáš Hleba<sup>a</sup>, Jana Petrová<sup>a</sup> and Katarína Rovná<sup>c</sup>

 <sup>a</sup> Department of microbiology, Faculty of Biotechnology and Food Sciences, Slovak University of Agriculture in Nitra, Tr. A. Hlinku 2, 949 76 Nitra, Slovakia
<sup>b</sup> Department of Evaluation and Processing Animal Products, Faculty of Biotechnology and Food Sciences, Slovak University of Agriculture in Nitra, Tr. A. Hlinku 2, 949 76 Nitra, Slovakia
<sup>c</sup>Department of Green's Biotechnics, Horticulture and Landscape Engineering

Faculty, Slovak University of Agriculture in Nitra, Tr. A. Hlinku 2, 949 76 Nitra, Slovakia

\*Corresponding author: Miroslava.Kacaniova@uniag.sk

*Clostridium* is an anaerobic, endospore forming Gram-positive bacillus genus containing many important pathogenic species. Many naturally occurring compounds present in plants, herbs, and spices have been shown to possess antimicrobial effects against foodborne pathogens. In the present study, the antimicrobial activities of the 10 essential oils were investigated. The antimicrobial activities were determined by using agar disc diffusion and broth microdilution methods against Clostridium genus. Antibacterial activity was assessed on the clostridia: Clostridium butyricum, Clostridium hystoliticum, Clostridium intestinale, Clostridium perfringens and Clostridium ramosum. The original Lavandula angustifolia, Carum carvi, Abius alba, Mentha piperita, Chamomilla recutita L., Pinus sylvestris, Oleum saturejae, Origanum vulgare L., Pimpinella anisum and Rosmarinus officinalis L. essential oils samples produced in Slovakia (Calendula a.s., Nova Lubovna, Slovakia) were obtained. The results of the disk diffusion method showed a very high activity against all the tested strains of microorganisms. The best antimicrobial activity against C. butyricum was found at Pimpinella anisum, against C. hystoliticum was found at Pinus sylvestris, against C. intestinale was found at Oleum saturejae, against C. perfringens was found at Origanum vulgare L. and against C. ramosum was found at Pinus sylvestris. The results of broth microdilution assay showed that the essential oil was not active against all the tested clostridia. The best antimicrobial activity against C. butyricum was found at Abius alba, against C. hystoliticum no antimicrobial activity was found, against C. intestinale was found at Abius alba, against C. perfringens was found Oleum saturejae and against C. ramosum was found Abius alba.

Key words: antibacterial activity, clostridia, in vitro, essential oils